PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS WANT COL. W. J. TO RUN AGAIN.

Meeting of the State Committee Followed by Speeches Delivered by the Nebraska Orator.

OUTLINED COMING

DEMOCRATS WILL WAR AGAINST TRUSTS AND IMPERIALISM,

And Their Candidate Will Continue to Advocate Silver in Places Where His Talk Will Not Harm.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 25.-The state Democratic committee set the pace for the Democracy of the other States to-day by making Colonel Wm. J. Bryan its choice for the presidency in 1900. This action was taken by the committee while Colonel Bryan was on his way to Harrisburg from New York to attend the meeting and confer with the party leaders. This is probably the first time in the party's history that the Democrats of Pennsylvania have indicated their choice for President in advance of the state convention. There was a large attendance of Democrats from over the State to meet Colonel Bryan and hear him discuss the issues on which the coming campaign will be waged. The state convention will be held in this city on 'April 5 and will adopt a platform along the lines laid down by Mr. Bryan in his speech to-night at the Keller-street Hall, The platform will indorse the Chicago declaration of principles, denounce the trusts and imperialism, advocate ballot reform and pure elections, and condemn machine politics. The convention will also nominate candidates for auditor general, congressmen at large, and presidential electors and elect eight delegates at large to the national convention.

Colonel Bryan reached here at 3 o'clock and was escorted to the Board of Trade rooms, where the state committee was in session, by a committee representing the state and local Democratic committee. He was introduced to the assemblage by State Chairman Rilling and made a short speech which was received with much enthusfasm. At the close of the meeting he held an informal reception at the Commonwealth Hotel and later he was the guest of Mayor Fritchey at a dinner party at Colonel Guffey, Chairman Rilling and other party leaders were present. After to-night's meeting he attended a session of the local lodge of Modern Woodmen, of which he is an active member in Lincoln. Colonel Bryan will go from here to Smyrna and Wilmington, Del., and from there to Washington to meet the national

AT THE BOARD OF TRADE. Mr. Bryan was introduced at the Board

of Trade by Chairman Rilling. "When I come to talk to Eastern Democrats," he said, "I feel it is my duty to give them every assistance I can and tell them that we appreciate the odds they have to contend against. It is easy to be a Democrat in the South, and it is easier to be a Democrat in the West than it used to be. I believe the time will come when the Chicago platform Democracy will be as popular in Pennsylvania as it is Reply to the Count's Threat-Arrival in Nebraska. While no Republican can remember what was in the Republican platform of 1896, and while no gold Democrat can repeat the Indianapolis platform, ev-ery Democrat and Republican can remember the Chicago platform. The Democrats ought to make progress in this State because the Republican party is more corrupt in this State than in any other State in the Union. Unless the people have forgotten to think and act for themselves, they ought to rise up and wipe the Re-publican party out of existence. If the voters of the Democratic party speak now as they did in 1896, they will send men to the national convention who will write a platform like that of the Chicago declaraion of principles. I believe we are going to win in the campaign of 1900. The young men who are coming to vote this year for to reply to the comte's claim of 100,000 the first time are beginning to believe that Republican party is a good thing for the monopoly and a poor thing for the young man who, as things are going now, can only hope to be a poor clerk for some

At the meeting this evening Mr. Bryan aid: "I congratulate the Democracy of Pennsylvania on the auspicious opening of the campaign of 1900. In 1896 the Democracy of this State, in spite of desertions and dissensions, polled a vote almost equal to any former vote for a Democratic candidate. This year, unless signs fail, we shall largely increase our vote in this State, both because of the issues and because of the hostility which machine politics is arousing among Republicans who believe that the people of Pennsylvania ought to be allowed to govern themselves, even they have doubts upon the right of the Filipinos to govern themselves.

"People ask why I don't drop the money question. It would have no effect on the money question if I did drop it. It is in the keeping of no man and it would not make any difference whether I adhere to it or disregard it. But if you will ask why I do not drop it I will tell you that am not willing that a handful of English bankers shall control seventy millions of American people. But you will hear peo-ple say that new conditions have arisen that now make the gold standard palatable. Isn't it strange that men who have labored to fasten the gold standard on this country for thirty years should now be defending their position by arguments that have arisen since the election?"

WANTS MORE SILVER. Colonel Bryan said that the Republican party seeks to fasten upon this country a perpetual and ever-increasing debt in

and that is what we contended for in 1896. sideration and to defer to his power. We wanted more gold and we wanted more silver, too. If we had had bimetallism we of piercing blackness, shaggy eyebrows should have all the advantage that has and an immense beard. He has lost his left arm in battle and had contented himself come from an increased production of gold. with as few as three wives, who, how-And, in addition thereto, we would have had the advantage of silver being used as | ever, were daughters of the chiefs of the standard money along with gold." On the question of trusts Mr. Bryan said: expert in the construction of intrench-"If they are bad are you going to say you can't help yourselves; that you have got | ments and fortifications which are fully to submit to the trust or to the monopoly? The American people do not have to subroyal engineers. Osman is withal a very mit to anything that is detrimental to interesting person, and his engineering skill

if things are bad it is because the people

permit them to be so. You can destroy

the monopoly when you want to do so. The trouble is the monopoly never makes

an open warfare in its defense, but secret-

ly controls the instrumentalities of govern-

ment and thus protect itself." Mr. Bryan

power and ought to exercise it, to say that

no corporation organized in any State shall

do business outside of that State until it

secures permission from Congress or

somebody created by it and that permission can be granted only when the cor-

poration shows that there is no water in

its stock, and that it is not attempting to

monopolize any branch of business or the production of any article of merchandise.

On the Philippine question he said: "Let

us tell the Filipinos that, having driven

the Spaniards out, they are to stand up

and be free and then say to all the world,

'Hands off, and let that republic work out

its destiny.' Tell me that we are pleading

the cause of the Filipinos? No, we are

pleading the cause of the American people. If the Filipinos were to die to-mor-

row, the world would go on, but if this nation ceases to be a republic, the light of

civilization would go out forever. To what

nation, then, does struggling humanity look

for hope and inspiration? If you want to

see the sad inroads of this doctrine upon

me point you to what is going on down in

empire. In every contest heretofore be-

American people have expressed their sym-

quence in support of a resolution pledging

sympathy; when the Cubans were fighting

for their liberties, all parties declared the

sympathy of the American people. But

the British government is attempting to

take from the people of the Boer republic

the right to govern themselves, the people

who believe in imperialism in this country

dare not say a word to express their sym-

conference bearing on the national con-

vention was held to-uay at the mayor's of-

fice between Mayor Ashbridge, Henry

the movement for raising the \$100,000

pledged the national Republican committee

was not meeting with the desired success

and he urged the mayor to appoint a com-

mittee of citizens to take the matter in

Mayor Ashbridge said he would consider

confer with him on the subject in a few

Bryan Cannot Talk to Students.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 25.-The legis-

lative committee of the Democratic state

committee of Rhode Island has voted not

debating union of Brown University. The

committee considers that Mr. Bryan has

been insulted by the circulation of a report

that the college authorities objected to

his addressing the students, on the ground

tnat it would injure the chances of in-

MANAGER OF FIGARO TO ASK 200,-

000 FRANCS AS DAMAGES.

of Osman Digna at Suez-

Fight in Africa.

PARIS, Jan. 26.-The Figaro publishes

this morning the following statement by

the manager of the paper: "Comte Boni

De Castellane having had inserted in sev-

eral newspapers his dispatch of yesterday.

which our chief editor personally could af-

ford to disdain, but whose evident intention

was to injure the commercial prosperity

of the Figaro Company, we have decided

francs by a cross-action for 200,000 francs

OSMAN DIGNA AT SUEZ.

Will Spend the Remainder of His

Days as a British Prisoner.

ciple general of the late Khalifa Abdullah

who was recently taken prisoner by the

Osman Digna was in command of the

Khalifa's Sudanese army when it met and

was crushed by the British Egyptian forces

under General Lord Kitchener last Novem-

ber at Omdurman. He was one of the few

Sudanese leaders who escaped and has

been hiding out since that time, trying

vainly to call together enough of the scat-

tered remnants of his late master's forces

to make a new stand against the British

All sorts of stories are told of his origin.

It is said he was born at Suakim, that his

grandfather was a Turkish slave dealer, and he himself, like his two preceding an-

cestors, is a dealer in slaves. Another story

has it that he was born in France, in 1836,

and christened at the Cathedral of Rouen

under the name of George. His father was

and went to Egypt with his wife and child.

He died there and the widow married

Osman Digna, a slave trader, who gave

his name and fortune to the French child.

Whichever story is the true one, it is cer-

tain that Osman Ali or Digna (meaning

rich merchant in 1882, when the insurrec-

So great was Osman's power that the

mahdi and his successor were compelled

to treat the "French Arab" with great con-

of the beard") was a powerful and

broke out under Ariba Pasha, and

he espoused the cause of the latter.

British, has been brought here.

SUEZ, Jan. 24 .- Osman Digna, the prin-

SUE CASTELLANE

creasing the college endowment.

what do we find now? We find that when

tween monarchy and republicanism the

the conscience of the American people, let

said he believed that Congress has the

European intellect. AFRICANS ON THE WAR PATH.

equal to the best products of the British

their welfare. In a government like ours has long been regarded as the proof of his

Osman is of herculean stature, with eyes

Party of Britons Attacked by Two

Thousand Savage Tribesmen. LAGOS, Colony of Lagos, British West Africa, Jan. 25.-Advices have just been received here from Jebba that Captain Carroll, of the Norfolk Regiment, and 150 men of the West African frontier force, while escorting the telegraph construction staff, were attacked on Jan. 9 by 2,000 Mitchi and Basa tribesmen. Captain Eaton, of the East Kent Regiment, and twelve others were wounded and one member of the escort was killed. The tribesmen left eighty dead. Jebba is probably northeast of Lokoja, on the Niger, in which vicinity apparently the attack was made.

GERMAN NAVAL BILL. The Bundesrath Adopts the Kaiser's

Pet Measure.

day adopted the naval bill. The measure east of Laguna de Bay what is probably South Africa, a republic fighting with an provides for the doubling of the present the last considerable force of insurgents number of battleships and the construc- remaining in one command, and to-day's tion of six large and five small naval | report shows that, with small loss to himpathy. When Greece was struggling to be cruisers. The expenditure will be provided self and heavy loss to the enemy, he has fore him, with a mark giving his home adfree. Webster and Clay exercised their elo- for in the estimate. The preamble antici- managed to completely dissipate their pates that the scheme will be completed in | force probably beyond the possibility of re-1916, at an annual increase of the expenditure of 11,000,000 marks, which sum is to be raised without any fresh taxation.

A Cardinal Courts Prosecution. PARIS, Jan. 25.-An incident which is certain to provoke vigorous protests is the pathy with the people over there. This is the paralysis that is already creeping over yesterday by the correctional tribunal) to fortified positions at San Diego, Majayjay present his condolences on yesterday's con-PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 25.-An important viction. The cardinal arrived unexpectedly while the fathers were praying in the chapel. Two fathers met him at the door. The cardinal proceeded to the editorial room of La Croix, which is the organ of Burk, president of the Citizens' Convention Association, W. S. P. Shields, chairman of the Assumptionists and strongly anti-ministhe executive committee, and Richard G. terial. The prelate blessed the editors and said: "I urge you to persevere in your work Oellers, chairman of the finance commitwith simplicity and firmness.' tee. Mr. Burk informed the mayor that

A Sensational Anti-Semite. PARIS. Jan. 25 .- In the Chamber of Deputies to-day. M. Lasies, anti-Semite, presented his interpellation of the governthe situation. It is believed the mayor will ment on the high court prosecution, but request a number of prominent citizens to the premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, refused to accept it and asked for its postponement for a month. M. Lasies then wanted to discuss it next week, but the government scored by the Chamber agreeing to a postponement for a month, while M. Lasies exclaimed: "The people will say you are afraid. In a month's time we shall be in the midst of the carnival, and that to allow William J. Bryan to address the is no season to assassinate ministries."

A Cardinal's Words Cause Comment. PARIS, Jan. 25 .- The Figaro's Rome correspondent says: "There are many comments in government and religious circles n consequence of a speech of Cardinal Capecelatro, archbishop of Capuo and prefect of the Vatican Library, on the reconciliation of the Vatican and the Italian government in which he said Pope Leo XIII was only 'awaiting a government capable of accepting his invitation.' These words are of great weight because the cardinal enjoys the complete confidence and friendship of the pope.'

Prof. Max Muller Seriously Ill. LONDON, Jan. 25 .- Professor Max Muller, corpus professor of comparative philology at Oxford, who was supposed to be recovering from a long illness, has suffered | P. Duvall commanding. a relapse and his condition is causing great anxiety. He was born in 1823.

French Settlement Extended. SHANGHI, Jan. 25 .- The extension of the French settlement has been finally settled and the new area will be two and a half times that of the present settlement. The will become effective arrangement

Epidemic of Influenza.

ROME, Jan. 25 .- There are several thousand cases of influenza here. The Lycee Cayour at Turin is closed. There are ten thousand cases of influenza in that city

Cable Notes.

The creditors of the Earl of Yarmouth have resolved to place his estate in bankruptcy. The Shah of Persia, Mouseaf Fer-Ed-

Din, with his eldest son, Prince Mohammed

Ali Mirza, intends to visit Berlin next

dispatch from Buenos Ayres asserting that the Argentine budget shows a deficit

ITS AFFAIRS INVOLVED.

National Bank of Canajoharie, N. in Bad Financial Condition.

FORT PLAIN, N. Y., Jan. 25.-The National Bank of Canajoharle failed to open for business to-day. Adelbert G. Richmond, the president, died three months ago and since then there has been much talk regarding the condition of the bank, result- their arms and stop fighting our soldiers.' ing in grave suspicions and consequent a Joseph Nishet, who failed in business | light deposits and heavy withdrawals, Mr. Richmond had been heavily interested in the Clark Fabric Company, at Sidney, N. Y., now in the hands of a receiver, and against which judgments amounting to a quarter of a million dollars have been filed. Richmond was also president of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, this village, and his affairs at Canajoharie caused worriment. The Fort Plain Bank lost only \$2,100, but the fear spread and this morning a weak run commenced on the Farmers' and Mechanics'. It amounted to nothing, however. Mr. Richmond was found dead in bed stock. His health had been perfect until just before the discovery of his death and there is now a belief that he realized that he was hopelessly involved. Bank Examiner Graham says the Canajoharie Bank's books and papers are in a muddle and that several weeks will be required to straighten them out and get at their real condition. He is afraid that the bank's affairs are in such a condition that/the institution may not be able to resume. Mr. Richmond from 1862 to 1865 was in the Treasury Department at Washington under Gen. Spinner. For twenty-eight years he was cashier for the bank now in distress and he became president in 1893.

Americans Received by Diaz.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 25.-President Diaz received in special audience James H. Hyde and George F. Wilson, vice presidents of the New York Equitable Life Assurance Society, and Henry Clews, jr., of New York. The president was most cordial with the New Yorkers and expressed gratification that the Equitable had resumed active business in this country. The Americans then paid their respects to Vice President Mariscal and Finance Minister Limantour, and discussed the relations existing between the United States and Mexico.

An Extraordinary Record.

any other brand, was never before approached. Its quality cannot be excelled at any price, and their 1895 vintage now imported was seldom equaled.

Brought on a refrigerator car as far as mand schools ring with the bleatings of laboring chests and husky throats. There's but one remeded on cars and taken as far as Bamban, then it is carried and Tar. Take it and recover. Sold by druggerator car as far as mand schools ring with the bleatings of laboring chests and husky throats. There's but one remeded are any price, and their 1895 vintage now imported was seldom equaled.

most important and powerful Arab tribes of the Sudan. He is a splendid soldier and ERGETIC CAMPAIGN IN LUZON.

> Has Dispersed Nearly Every Band o Insurgents in Southern Part of the Island.

FIGHT AT SAN DIEGO has been promoted. SHARP

EIGHTY-TWO FILIPINOS KILLED AND MANY WOUNDED.

One American Dead and Fourteen Suffering with Wounds-Majayjay Evacuated by Rebels.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.-General Otis's cabled report received this morning indicates that General Schwan is conducting the campaign in the south of Luzon with BERLIN, Jan. 25 .- The Bundesrath to- | the greatest energy. He has located southconstruction. General Otis's cablegram fol-

"Schwan concentrated a portion of his forces, the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Infantry, at and near San Pablo, Laguna province, on the afternoon of the 20th. visit of Cardinal Richard, the archbishop of | Hayes with cavalry striking for Tayabas Paris, to the headquarters of the Assump- by the lower road. The enemy had adtionist Fathers (whose order was dissolved vanced from Santa Cruz to very strongly and adjacent points, in country very broken and mountainous. Schwan struck the enemy at San Diego and, in an engagement lasting two hours, killed eighty-two and wounded large numbers. Our casualties were one enlisted man killed and fourteen wounded including three native scouts; captured several rifles, ammunition, bolos and stock of uniform clothing.

on the 22d Schwan pushed on through to Lilio, driving the enemy back on Majayjay, where a force reported by an escaped Spanish prisoner to number tween 1,500 and 3,000, well-equipped and supplied, had concentrated waiting the approach of troops. This position was impregnable via roads or trails and troops were working around on each flank of the enemy when the enemy retreated rapidly with the Thirtieth Infantry and cavalry in pursuit. It is believed the insurgents are widely dispersed. The country is now covered by troops and our force occupies Santa Cruz. A few minor engagements at other points resulted in consider-

able loss to the enemy. "Mac Arthur telegraphs that MacRae struck an insurgent post in the mountains northwest of Porac, capturing the arsenal, barracks, ten cart loads of powder and ammunition, and three insurgents with rifles. The barracks and arsenal were de-

General Wheeler and his daughter left Manila on Wednesday on the transport Warren for San Francisco via Hong-Kong General Otis informed the War Depart-

ment to-day that the transport Grant arrived at Manila this morning with the Forty-eighth Volunteer Infantry, Col. W. Resolutions on Commercial and Oth-

MABINI'S PROPOSITION.

Senator Beveridge Says the Filipino's Proposition Has Been Anticipated. NEW YORK, Jan. 25 .- A special to the Herald from Washington says: "The propo-Mabini, for a civil commission to treat with the Filipinos will not be considered renders, and in official circles the general and many thousands are reported all over pose of President McKinley to inaugurate United States. The report was adopted. a civil government to supersede military rule in the islands as soon as possible. and he is favorably inclined toward commission in lieu of a governor general The London Financial News publishes a it is likely that Congress will appoint a joint commission to investigate the islands next summer and report to the next session as a guide for future legislation. A great deal of interest was manifested in congressional circles with the communi-There is some diversity of opinion over the proposition and its feasibility. Senator Hoar, leader of the anti-administration forces in this fight, was deeply interested in the proposition. 'That sounds fair and just,' said he, 'and I do not see how such a proposition can well be de-clined. As I understand, all the Filipinos ask is that Congress listen to them before stand in the way of the adoption of one-"Senator Lodge, who represents the administration view of the Philippine ques-

deciding their fate.' tion, said: 'It will be time enough to talk of commissions when these people lay down "Senator Beveridge, a most pronounced annexationist, regards Mabini as the equal as a constructive statesman of any man in public life in America. Of his proposition, however, the Senator from Indiana said: 'I would have to study more closely before giving an opinion that would be of any value. But if I were to answer offhand, I would say that it appears to me his suggestion has been anticipated by the appointment of the civil commission which visited the islands and which everything possible to bring about an un-

derstanding with the natives. "John Barret, former minister to Siam, said: 'Whatever comes from Mabini is certainly worth considering. I am inclined, however, to think it is too late for any-The only thing to do is to go in and complete American victory, and then to get to work and help the Filipinos develop the largest amount of self-government which they are capable."

FOOD SUPPLIES GOOD.

Letter from the Commissary Attached

to MacArthur's Division. WASHINGTON, Jan. 25 .- Acting Commissary General Wilson has received a personal letter from Major George B. Davis, commissary of subsistence, attached to General MacArthur's division in the Philippines, in which he includes a high plied to the army in the field. The letter is dated Bautista, Dec. 14, 1899, and reads: "In the few moments that I have to spare I thought you would like to have a word or two in regard to the department. General MacArthur told me the other night that never in the history of armies had one been as well supplied as this one. He thinks it is remarkable the way the troops have been fed. I do not hear a complaint, although I have gone around to learn if there were complaints. I am now giving the troops here fresh beef. It is imported in 1839, or 72,495 cases more than brought on a refrigerator car as far as and schools ring with the bleatings of laboring

run the beef through to Dagupan. The troops at that place are not in this divi-sion but I told the commanding officer I would get beef to him if he wanted it. He jumped at the offer. I have one sales car running between Tarlac and San Fer-nando and another between Tarlac and THE GENERAL CONDUCTING AN EN- Calasiao. The sales are very large. It is here as elsewhere, that the subsistence department is more than filling expecta-

"I think the war is over so far as organized resistance is concerned. General MacArthur's advance up the line of the railroad broke the backbone. He has held what he has gained, in this respect differing from the others. Some of the affairs of this division were brilliant. The affair at Bamban was well planned and executed. Aguinaldo did not think that it could be done. Bell, with his regiment, has done great work and I am glad that he

"We captured Mabini day before yesterday and to-day he was sent into Manila as a prisoner. He was Aguinaldo's brains. He was the man that caused all this trouble. It is a great blow to the insurgents. It looks as though we might have Aguinaldo in a few days, but all the natives look alike, and if he were to disguise as a laborer we could not tell him if he were to come to us and that causes the difficulty of capturing him. The officer in command of his escort was killed the other night and another was wounded. so you can see how closely he is being

SUICIDE AND WOUNDS.

Death of Two Indiana Soldiers in the Philippine Islands.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Jan. 25.-Word reached here to-day that Mark Hillis, son of John Hillis, of this city, had committed suicide in the Philippines by blowing his head off with his Mauser rifle, working the trigger with a bamboo stick. A Bible lay open bedress. He had just re-enlisted in the Thirty-sixth Regiment. Advices from a private source announce

the death of Frank Haworth in the Philippines. He was a member of Company C, Third United States Infantry. He had been in several battles and his death was from wounds and fever. He was a member of a prominent Howard county family.

The Manauense's Trip.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.-Reports have been received at the War Department from Colonel Pettit and Lieut. Webb Hays, of he Thirty-eighth Volunteer Infantry, in Manauense from San Francisco to Manila, with part of the Thirty-sixth Infantry. They reaffirm the original statements to the effect that the machinery of the Manauense broke down on the voyage during a typhoon, that she was undermanned and that the vessel narrowly escaped being wrecked. She was rescued from a perilous position by the transport City of Peking, which towed her several hundred miles into Manila. The reports have been forwarded to Colonel Long, the quartermaster in charge of the transportation service at San Francisco, for a full statement of the facts as to the inspection an. condition of the vessel at the time of her departure from San Francisco. The purpose of the inquiry is to fix the responsibility of the condition of the machinery of the Manauense. Pending the investigation payments under the charter of the vessel will be suspended.

Two Scientists from Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 25.-Father Jose Algue, rector of the Manila Observatory, the largest and most notable institution of its kind in the Orient, and his associate, Father Jose Clos, have arrived here en route to Washington with much valuable scientific data, which they hope to have published by the government. They have come to America on the urgent invitation of President Jacob Gould Schurman, of Cornell University, who was president of the Philippine Commission, and also by the request of General Otis. Both of them are Spaniards and Jesuit priests. Father Algue is a typhoon expert and his companion is an authority on earthquakes. They bring with them besides twelve manuscript volumes on scientific ubjects, many valuable maps of the Phil-

NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE.

er Questions Adopted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.-The first busiess which came before the National Board of Trade to-day was a report from the committee in regard to additional cable service to Cuba, presented by Mr. E. C. sition made by the Filipino leader, Senor | Preston, of Boston. He stated that the still negotiating for a club in Chicago and returned from Havana this evening. Their service was now exclusively in the hands of the Western Union and additional facilby the United States until Aguinaldo sur- ities were needed, and reported a resolution urging upon Congress the passage of legisdisposition is to regard Mabini's request lation which will allow the laying of a as another plan of delay. It is the pur- competing line between Cuba and the identity when seen by newspaper men. A report from the committee on railroad transportation was submitted by F. B Thurber, of New York, in which it was pointed out that an adjustment of rates | rived home to-day from Cleveland where he advantageous to shippers and to the railand is discussing the question of available | roads could be made if the law permitted men for such a commission. If his present | the railroads to make agreements under plans are carried out, the Filipinos will the supervision of the Interstate-comhave all the commissions they want to merce Commission. Mr. Thurber asked that confer with, for, in addition to the commis-. the action of the board last year on this to. He also submitted a report indorsing from the circuit. "The owners of the Bal-Senate bill 1439, introduced by Mr. Cullom. with an amendment allowing railroads to have associations for the maintenance of fair rates for the transportation of per-sons and property, said rates to be filed with the Interstate-commerce Commission. After a long discussion the report was adopted.

A resolution was also adopted favoring the passage of an anti-scalping bill. The board adopted a resolution favoring legislation by Congress remedying the abuses of the second-class mail matter, which cent letter postage. A resolution was adopted favoring the immediate adoption of local one-cent letter postage on drop let-

A resolution was adopted reiterating the demand of the board for the fuller investigation by Congress, in co-operation with the standing committee of the board, of the matter of rates paid railroads for mail transportation with the view of reducing the present rate paid for mail transportation. It was admitted that the figures presented the board last year contained inaccuracies, but not, it was held, sufficient to affect action. Other resolutions adopted commended the work of the commercial museums at Philadelphia, and urged appropriations for the increase of the project; recommended improved methods for the collection of European crop reports for communication promptly to the Department of Agriculture at Washington; the unification of the bureaus now having the work of the supervision of the forests distributed among them so as to provide for their better preservation, and for a Bureau of Forestry; providing for the appointment of a committee on the subject of a mone tary unit of common value by the nations of the world; favoring a trade treaty with Canada; the enactment of legislation establishing the country's financial system on a gold standard and the issue of currency by the banks under government supervision; and recommending that the United States use its efforts to prevent the selfish division of China by the European countries. The board adjourned to meet Jan. 26, 1901.

Assets of the Squires.

BOSTON, Jan. 25.-Herman W. Chaplin assignee of John B. Squire & Co., has issued a statement in which it is asserted that this corporation with all the concerns involved with it is found to have assets, taken as a whole, of \$6,000,000, or about \$1,000,000 more than its liabilities.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used over fifty years by millions of perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the whether arising from teething or other causes For sale by druggists in every part of the world Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

Washington and Pennsylvania Streets.

Goes the Great Clearance Sale of Men's Shoes



Hanan's fine Winter Tan, Box Calf and Enamel \$5.50 and \$6 Shoes for

100 pairs of men's \$4 Winter Tan, Box Calf and Enamel leather Shoes for

Special prices in boys' school Shoes for Saturday.

\$1.48 For men's Derby and Fedora Hats, worth \$2.50 and \$3 70c For men's \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2 Fancy Percale Shirts

Saks & Company, Indiana's Largest Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

ONLY EIGHT CLUBS TO BE IN THE NATIONAL BALL LEAGUE.

regard to the recent trip of the transport | Cleveland and Louisville Already Practically Out and Washington and Baltimore to Go.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 25 .- The meeting

of the magnates of the National Baseball League, which has been in session here for two or three days past, and of which up to to-day, the newspaper reporters were unable to obtain any definite information, came to an end this afternoon and all but Messrs. Hart and Brush left for their homes. While the representatives of the various clubs declined to give out the least information up to the time of their departure it can be stated, on the best of authority, that as a result of the meeting Cleveland and Louisville will be dropped from the National League. It is also reasonably sure that Baltimore and Washington will not be in that organization when the coming season is opened. Indeed, so far as Washington is concerned, the matter is already practically settled. But there is a hitch on the Baltimore proposition on which the circuit committee and the representatives of the latter clubs failed to reach an agreement. However, Messrs. Hanlon, Abel, Soden and Ebblt went East together on the same train this afternoon and it is intimated that they may be able to reach a satisfactory solution on the Baltimore matter before they arrive home. In case, however, that no settlement is made in regard to the Baltimore club then it is probable that the National League will consist of ten clubs.

Cleveland will undoubtedly be in the American Association, although no papers have been signed to that effect as yet. President Ban Johnson of the latter organization, has made a proposition which will, in all probability, be accepted. The same is true of Louisville. An offer has been made for that club by the American | in the West. Association which is now under consideration, with indications that the deal will soon be closed. President Johnson, of the American Association, said he would put best club in Cleveland that money could buy. He also said that he was

club in that city. The National League magnates took every precaution to keep their presence in town a secret. Each of them registered at the Hollenden under a fictitious name and in most cases actually denied their own

under certain conditions would have a

Mr. Rogers Talks. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 25.-John I. Rogers, of the Philadelphia Baseball Club arattended the meeting of the National League. While the committee had not definitely decided, it was reasonably certain, Col Rogers said, that the Louisville to 3. Chauncey Fisher, the baseball and Cleveland clubs would be dropped pitcher, made his debut with Richmond, timore and Washington clubs, want a price," he said, "that the National League will not consider. Rather than buy out the clubs at figures which we consider too high it would be better to go ahead with ten clubs for the two years remaining of the National agreement, and then get rid of In connection with the uniform high prices the Baltimore and Washington clubs for for tar and rosin which have prevailed

TO BE DROPPED BONDS

WE OFFER-

\$3,000 U. S. Gov't, 1907, reg48 \$9,732 Scott County, Ind......41/48 \$21,718 Knox County, Ind68 \$13,500 Jackson County, Ind......48 Prices and particulars upon application.

CAMPBELL, WILD & CO.

205 Stevenson Building.

Physician's Outfits. Emergency Satchels, Medicine Cases, Instrument Sets. Operating Gowns and Cushions, Physicians' Pocket Knives, with Spatula, and all other suitable articles. WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO., - Surgical Instrument Makers -222 & 224 South Meridian St.

of its receipts for the purpose of purchasing the four clubs that are to be droppe Colonel Rogers said the per centage was too high. He thought that 5 per cent. would be nearer the figure. Colonel Rog-ers, in answer to further questioning, said players of these clubs but only franchises and leases. He said that he understands the American League is trying to locate clubs in both Cleveland and Louisville and that capitalists of these cities have been approached by the mar-

nates of the American League. Grounds Leased at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 25.-The new American Baseball Association scored point against the National League team here to-day when its representatives signed a lease for the Union Park baseball grounds. The lease is to run for one year and \$3,500 is the consideration for the use of the grounds and stands for that period. Doubtless a legal fight will result. John J. McGraw, the probable manager of the new club, received a telegram from Frank Richter, of Philadelphia, to-day, announcing that Providence, R. I., had received the eighth franchise and would complete the new association, which would be made up of New York, Providence, Philadelphia and Baltimore in the East, and Chicago, St. Louis, Detroit and Milwaukee

Players Return from Cuba. NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 25 .- Abner Powell and the All-American baseball team trip was a success and the field promising, but Powell says that contracts were found not to be binding under present conditions and the team decided to leave. W. A. Cox, the American taken back to stand trial in Cuba, was also on the ship. He says that the charge was flimsy, but he was a prisoner in a flithy jail until the

recent change in administration. Muncie Polo Team Defeated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Jan. 25 .- For the first time in a year, Muncie's Royal polo team was defeated at home to-night. The Henleys, of Richmond, won by the score of 6

Turpentine Booming.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 25 .- Not since April, 1883, has spirits of turpentine reached a higher mark on the Southern market than the price at which sales were made here to-day, viz., 511/2c, with a firm tone. for several weeks, operators in turpenting In regard to the story telegraphed East | are reaping a rich harvest and expect good

hot lather of Curi-

dry, and anoint

freely with Curi-



For the Complexion | For Red Rough Hands To purify and beautify the skin and | SOAK the hands, on retiring, in strong,

prevent pimples, lotches, blackheads, redness, roughness, yellow, oily, mothy skin, chapping, tan, sunother forms of skin olemishes, no other

skin or complexion soap is for a moment to be compared with Curicura Soap, because no other soap reaches the cause, viz., the clogged, irritated, or inflamed condition of the Pores.

kid gloves. For red, rough, chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, and feverish palms, shapeless nails with painful finger ends, this one night treatment is simply wonderful. For Hair and Scalp

SHAMPOO with CUTICURA SOAP, rinse with warm water, dry and apply a light dressing of CUTICURA, purest of emollients, the scalp. This simple, refreshing, and inexpensive treatment

make the hair grow, when all else fails. advantage in the severer cases.

ITS remarkable emollient, cleansing, purifying properties, dereat skin cure, warrant the use of CUTICURA SOAP, in the form of baths for ration, and also in the form of inernal washes and solutions for ulcerative will soothe irri-tated and itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, clear the scalp and hair of themselves to women, and especially to crusts, scales, and dandruff, supply the mothers. The use of Cuticura Cintment roots with energy and nourishment, and with Cuticura Soar will also be of Complete External and Internal Treatment of Every Humor

the great skin cure and purest of emol-

lients. Wear during the night old, loose

For Sanative Uses

BOYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

BAKING-POWDER Made from Grape Cream of Tartar.

The Absolutely Pure

Baking powders made from alum and other

harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but

inferior in work and injurious to the stomach.